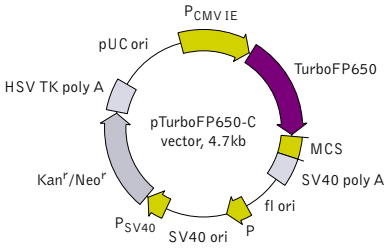
pTurboFP650-C vector

The vector sequence has been compiled using the information from sequence databases, published literature, and other sources, together with partial sequences obtained by Evrogen. This vector has not been completely sequenced.



For vector sequence, please visit our Web site at http://www.evrogen.com/support/vector-info.shtml

Product	Cat.#	Size
pTurboFP650-C vector	**FP731**	20 μg

Vector type	mammalian expression vector
Reporter	TurboFP650
Reporter codon usage	mammalian
Promoter for TurboFP650	$P_{CMV\ IE}$
Host cells	mammalian
Selection	prokaryotic - kanamycin eukaryotic - neomycin (G418)
Replication	prokaryotic - pUC ori eukaryotic - SV40 ori
Use	TurboFP650 expression in mammalian cells; generation of fusions to the TurboFP650 C-terminus

Multiple cloning site (MCS)

TurboFP650 — BspE I — Xho I — Hind III — Pst I — Kpn I — Apa I — BamH I — STOP

. . . TCC. GGA. CTC. AGA. TCT. CGA. GCT. CAA. GCT. TCG. AAT. TCT. GCA. GTC. GAC. GGT. ACC. GCG. GGC. CCG. GGA. TCC. ACC. GGA. TCT. AGA . . .

Bgl II — Sac I — EcoR I — Sal I — Sac II — Sma I/Xma I — Xba I#

— sites are blocked by *dam* methylation. If you wish to digest the vector with these enzymes, you will need to transform the vector into a *dam*⁻ host and make fresh DNA.

Location of features

$P_{CMV\ IE}$: 1-589
Enhancer region: 59-465
TATA box: 554-560
Transcription start point: 583
TurboFP650
Kozak consensus translation initiation site: 606-616
Start codon (ATG): 613-615; Stop codon: 1393-1395
Last amino acid in mKate2: 1312-1314
MCS: 1315-1392
SV40 early mRNA polyadenylation signal
Polyadenylation signals: 1535-1540 & 1564-1569
mRNA 3' ends: 1573 & 1585
f1 single-strand DNA origin: 1632-2087
Bacterial promoter for expression of Kan^r gene
-35 region: 2149-2154; -10 region: 2172-2177
Transcription start point: 2184
SV40 origin of replication: 2428-2563
SV40 early promoter
Enhancer (72-bp tandem repeats): 2261-2332 & 2333-2404
21-bp repeats: 2408-2428, 2429-2449 & 2451-2471
Early promoter element: 2484-2490
Major transcription start points: 2480, 2518, 2524 & 2529
Kanamycin/neomycin resistance gene
Neomycin phosphotransferase coding sequences:
Start codon (ATG): 2612-2614; Stop codon: 3404-3406
G->A mutation to remove Pst I site: 2794
C->A (Arg to Ser) mutation to remove BssH II site: 3140
Herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signal
Polyadenylation signals: 3642-3647 & 3655-3660
pUC plasmid replication origin: 3991-4634

References

Gorman (1985). "High efficiency gene transfer into mammalian cells." In: *DNA cloning: A Practical Approach, Vol. II.* Ed. by Glover. (IRL Press, Oxford, U.K.) Pp. 143–190.

Haas et al. (1996) "Codon usage limitation in the expression of HIV-1 envelope glycoprotein." Curr Biol, 6 (3): 315–324 / pmid: 8805248

Kozak (1987) "An analysis of 5'-noncoding sequences from 699 vertebrate messenger RNAs." Nucleic Acids Res, 15 (20): 8125–8148 / pmid: 3313277

Vector description

pTurboFP650-C is a mammalian expression vector encoding near-infrared fluorescent protein TurboFP650. The vector allows generation of fusions to the TurboFP650 C-terminus and expression of TurboFP650 fusions or TurboFP650 alone in eukaryotic (mammalian) cells.

TurboFP650 codon usage is optimized for high expression in mammalian cells (humanized) [Haas et al. 1996]. To increase mRNA translation efficiency, Kozak consensus translation initiation site is generated upstream of the TurboFP650 sequence [Kozak 1987]. Multiple cloning site (MCS) is located between TurboFP650 coding sequence and SV40 polyadenylation signal (SV40 polyA).

The vector backbone contains immediate early promoter of cytomegalovirus ($P_{CMV\ IE}$) for protein expression, SV40 origin for replication in mammalian cells expressing SV40 T-antigen, pUC origin of replication for propagation in *E. coli* and f1 origin for single-stranded DNA production. SV40 polyadenylation signals (SV40 poly A) direct proper processing of the 3'-end of the reporter mRNA.

SV40 early promoter (P_{SV40}) provides neomycin resistance gene (Neo^r) expression to select stably transfected eukaryotic cells using G418. Bacterial promoter (P) provides kanamycin resistance gene expression (Kan^r) in *E. coli*. Kan^r/Neo^r gene is linked with herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signals.

Generation of TurboFP650-fusion proteins

A localization signal (or a gene of interest) should be cloned into MCS of the vector. It will be expressed as a fusion to the TurboFP650 C-terminus when inserted in the same reading frame as TurboFP650 and no intervening stop codons are present. TurboFP650-tagged fusions retain fluorescent properties of the native protein allowing fusion localization *in vivo*. Unmodified vector will express TurboFP650, when transfected into eukaryotic (mammalian) cells.

Note: The plasmid DNA was isolated from dam$^+$-methylated *E.coli*. Therefore some restriction sites are blocked by methylation. If you wish to digest the vector using such sites you will need to transform the vector into a dam$^-$ host and make fresh DNA.

Despite its dimeric structure, TurboFP650 is still suitable for generation of fusions with proteins of interest, however we recommend to use TagFPs for these purposes.

Expression in mammalian cells

pTurboFP650-C vector can be transfected into mammalian cells by any known transfection method. If required, stable transformants can be selected using G418 [Gorman 1985].

Propagation in *E. coli*

Suitable host strains for propagation in *E. coli* include DH5alpha, HB101, XL1-Blue, and other general purpose strains. Plasmid incompatibility group is pMB1/ColE1. The vector confers resistance to kanamycin (30 μg/ml) to *E. coli* hosts. Copy number in *E. coli* is about 500.

Notice to Purchaser:

Evrogen Fluorescent Protein Products (the Products) are intended for research use only. The Products are covered by U.S. Pat. 7,417,131 and other Evrogen Patents and/or Patent applications pending. By use of these Products, you accept the terms and conditions of the applicable Limited Use Label License.

The CMV promoter is covered under U.S. Patents 5,168,062 and 5,385,839, and its use is permitted for research purposes only. Any other use of the CMV promoter requires a license from the University of Iowa Research Foundation, 214 Technology Innovation Center, Iowa City, IA 52242.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET INFORMATION: To the best of our knowledge, these products do not require a Material Safety Data Sheet. However, all the properties of these products (and, if applicable, each of their components) have not been thoroughly investigated. Therefore, we recommend that you use gloves and eye protection, and wear a laboratory coat when working with these products.